



# Safety Data Sheet

## HEMPACORE ONE FD 43601

Protective Clothing	General Hazard	DOT
Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for special handling	  	

Conforms to ANSI Z400.1-2010 Standard - HCS 2012

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : HEMPACORE ONE FD 43601  
 Product identity : 4360110000  
 Product type : intumescent acrylic paint

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application : buildings  
 Identified uses : Industrial/Professional use  
 TSCA : **Unless otherwise stated All components are listed or exempted.**

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details : HEMPEL (USA), Inc.  
 600 Conroe Park North Drive  
 Conroe, Texas 77303  
 Toll free: (800) 678-6641,  
 if outside area codes 713, 281, 409, 936  
 Regular phone number: (936) 523-6000  
 E-mail Hempel@Hempel.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

For Transportation Emergencies : CHEMTREC: **1-800-424-9300** (Toll-free in the U.S., Canada and the U.S. Virgin Islands) **703-527-3887** (24 hours)  
 For calls originating elsewhere (Collect calls are accepted). Contract number: CCN10384  
 To preserve the effectiveness of arrangements for providing accurate and timely emergency response information, the basic identifying information (shipper name or contract number) must be included on shipping papers.  
 If the purchaser of this product is going to be shipping this product to other locations, the purchaser must arrange for its own Emergency Information Provider to respond to transport incidents. Hempel's 24 hour response contract does not cover non-Hempel shipments.

For all other information : In USA toll free calling available: 1-800- 678-6641 or (936)-523-6000  
 (8 AM - 5 PM CST) See Section 4 of the safety data sheet (first aid measures).

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

GHS Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2  
 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2  
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

#### 2.2 Label elements

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word :

Danger

Hazard statements :

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.  
 H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
 H361 - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
 H336 - May cause drowsiness and dizziness.  
 H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements :

Prevention :

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response :

Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

Storage :

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal :

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements :

None known.

**2.3 Other hazards**

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product definition :

Mixture

Physical state :

Liquid.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	GHS Classification
toluene	108-88-3	20 - 25	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
butanone	78-93-3	3 - 5	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	100545-48-0	0.1 - 0.15	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.



## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General :	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 911 and give immediate treatment (first aid).
Eye contact :	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Inhalation :	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Skin contact :	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion :	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.
Protection of first-aiders :	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact :	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed



## SECTION 4: First aid measures

Notes to physician : If gasses have been inhaled, from the decomposition of the product, symptoms may be delayed.  
Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media : Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.  
Not to be used: waterjet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact with the spilled material. Exclude sources of ignition and be aware of explosion hazard. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.



## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

This product may be applied using several application techniques and methods of handling may be different for each. Application techniques include [but are not limited to] brushing, rolling, and spray application [conventional, HPLV, airless, pleural component or aerosol can]. Avoid the breathing of vapors and, if spraying, do not breath spray mist or aerosols.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
toluene	<p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b>            STEL: 560 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.            STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.            TWA: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.            TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).</b>            AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.            CEIL: 300 ppm            TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).</b>            TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p>
butanone	<p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).</b>            STEL: 885 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.            STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.            TWA: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.            TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b>            STEL: 885 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.            STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.            TWA: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.            TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).</b>            TWA: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.            TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</p>

### Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls



## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Provide local exhaust and general ventilation systems to maintain airborne concentrations below OSHA, ACGIH, and manufacturer recommended exposure limits. Local exhaust ventilation is preferred because it prevents contaminant dispersion into work areas by controlling it at its source. Use local and general exhaust ventilation to effectively remove and prevent buildup of mists/vapors/fumes generated from the handling of this product.

Note: Local exhaust ventilation is designed to capture an emitted contaminant at or near its source, before the contaminant has a chance to disperse into the workplace air. General exhaust ventilation, also called dilution ventilation, is different from local exhaust ventilation because instead of capturing emissions at their source and removing them from the air, general exhaust ventilation allows the contaminant to be emitted into the workplace air and then dilutes the concentration of the contaminant to an acceptable level (e.g., to the PEL or below).

### Individual protection measures

- General : Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.
- Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day.
- Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Hand protection : Wear chemical-resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training. The quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.
- Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:
- May be used: butyl rubber  
Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Silver Shield / 4H gloves, Viton®  
Not recommended: nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl chloride (PVC)
- Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved handling this product.
- Wear suitable protective clothing. Always wear protective clothing when spraying.
- Respiratory protection : If working areas have insufficient ventilation, wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type Organic Vapor, when grinding use particle filter of type P95, P99 or P100. When spraying use a combined filter (organic vapor / HEPA or organic vapor / P100 type). Be sure to use approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Always wear an air-fed respirator when spraying in a continuous and prolonged work situation (e.g. hood with supply of fresh or compressed air or a full face, powered air purifying filter).
- This product contains low-boiling point liquids. Any respiratory protective equipment should be air-fed.**
- Protective clothing (pictograms) :

**Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for special handling**

Note: Application of paint products by spraying requires additional safety precautions: Full body suit, Full face respirator with air supplied.

### Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.



## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state :	Liquid.
Odor :	Solvent-like
pH :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Melting point/freezing point :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Boiling point/boiling range :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flash point :	Closed cup: -2°C (28.4°F)
Evaporation rate :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flammability :	Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge. Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat and oxidizing materials.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits :	1.1 - 11.5 vol %
Vapor pressure :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Vapor density :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Relative density :	1.331 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility(ies) :	Soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient (LogKow) :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Auto-ignition temperature :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Decomposition temperature :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Viscosity :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Explosive properties :	Explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat, oxidizing materials and reducing materials.
Oxidizing properties :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

### 9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight (Included exempt solvent(s)):	25.7 % (w/w)
Water % by weight :	Weighted average: 0 %
VOC content (Coatings) :	310 g/l (Measured)
VOC content (Regulatory) :	310 g/l (Measured)
TOC Content (Volatile) :	Weighted average: 300 g/l
Solvent Gas :	Weighted average: 0.093 m <sup>3</sup> /l

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid



## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.  
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials and acids.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
butanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	44202.9 mg/kg

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 100 milligrams
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams
butanone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 402 milligrams
octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-

#### Sensitizer

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

#### Carcinogen Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	OSHA
toluene	3	-	-

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)



**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
toluene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
butanone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
toluene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

**Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on the likely routes of exposure**

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

**Potential chronic health effects**

Sensitization : Contains Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

Other information : No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information****12.1 Toxicity**

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

When spilled, this product may act as an oil, causing a film, sheen, emulsion, or sludge at or beneath the surface of a body of water. Oils of any kind can cause: (a) drowning of waterfowl due to lack of buoyancy, loss of insulating capacity of feathers, starvation and vulnerability to predators due to lack of mobility; (b) lethal effect on fish by coating gill surfaces, preventing respiration; (c) potential fish kills resulting from alteration in biochemical oxygen demand; (d) asphyxiation of benthic life forms when floating masses become engaged with surface debris and settle on the bottom; and (e) adverse aesthetic effects of fouled shoreline and beaches.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
toluene	Chronic NOEC <500000 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Daphnia - Daphnia magna	96 hours 21 days

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
butanone	-	98 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	22 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
butanone	-	-	Readily
octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	-	-	Not readily

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
toluene	2.73	90	low
butanone	0.3	<100	low
octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	5.86	-	high

**SECTION 12: Ecological information****12.4 Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : No known data available in our database.

Mobility : No known data available in our database.

**12.5 Other adverse effects**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations****13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7 and Section 8 for additional handling information and protection of employees.




The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List**



Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference number
Toluene; Benzene, methyl- Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK) (I,T); 2-Butanone (I,T)	108-88-3 78-93-3	Listed Listed	U220 U159

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

Transport may take place according to national regulation or DOT for transport by road and by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for Air shipment. Refer to specific Dangerous Goods Transport requirements under 49CFR, ICAO and IATA.

	14.1 UN no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	14.5 Additional information
<b>DOT Code</b>	UN1263	PAINT	3 - 	III	No.	<b>Reportable quantity</b> (chlorine, toluene) 280.01 lbs / 127.12 kg [25.231 gal / 95.509 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
<b>TDG Code</b>	UN1263	PAINT	3 - 	III	No.	-
<b>SCT Code</b>	UN1263	PAINT	3 - 	III	No.	-

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

<b>IMDG Code</b>	UN1263	PAINT	3 -		III	No. <b>Emergency schedules (EmS)</b> F-E, S-E
<b>IATA Code</b>	UN1263	PAINT	3 -		II	No. <b>Remarks</b> The "viscosity exemption" provisions do not apply to air transport.

Code : Classification  
 PG\* : Packing group  
 Env.\* : Environmental hazards

**14.6 Special precautions for user**

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

Not applicable.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information****15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

U.S. Federal regulations : Not determined.

**TSCA 4(a) proposed test rules:** C20-28 chloro alkanes

**TSCA 8(a) PAIR:** C20-28 chloro alkanes

**TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b):** Not determined.

**TSCA 12(b) one-time export:** C20-28 chloro alkanes

**Clean Water Act (CWA) 307:** toluene

**Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:** toluene; styrene

**Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : Listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** : Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Listed

**SARA 302/304 - SARA 311/312:**

**SARA 302/304:** chlorine

**SARA 311/312 Hazards identification:** Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Product/ingredient name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
toluene	10 - 25	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
butanone	3 - 5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	0.1 - 0.5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

**SARA 313 :**

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

**Form R - Reporting requirements :**

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Concentration
toluene	108-88-3	20 - 50
butanone	78-93-3	3 - 5
chlorine	Sec. (*7782-50-5)	3 - 5

**Supplier notification :**

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Concentration
toluene	108-88-3	20 - 50
butanone	78-93-3	3 - 5
chlorine	Sec. (*7782-50-5)	3 - 5

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information****State regulations :**

**Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting:** None of the components are listed.  
**Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey:** None of the components are listed.  
**Florida substances:** None of the components are listed.  
**Illinois Chemical Safety Act:** None of the components are listed.  
**Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act:** None of the components are listed.  
**Louisiana Reporting:** None of the components are listed.  
**Louisiana Spill:** None of the components are listed.  
**Massachusetts Spill:** None of the components are listed.  
**Massachusetts Substances:** The following components are listed: TOLUENE; METHYL ETHYL KETONE (MEK); MELAMINE; PENTAERYTHRITOL; TITANIUM DIOXIDE  
**Michigan Critical Material:** None of the components are listed.  
**Minnesota Hazardous Substances:** None of the components are listed.  
**New Jersey Hazardous Substances:** The following components are listed: TOLUENE; BENZENE, METHYL-; METHYL ETHYL KETONE; 2-BUTANONE; PENTAERYTHRITOL; 1,3-PROPANEDIOL, 2, 2-BIS(HYDROXYMETHYL)-; KAOLIN; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; TITANIUM OXIDE (TiO<sub>2</sub>)  
**New Jersey Spill:** None of the components are listed.  
**New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act:** None of the components are listed.  
**New York Acutely Hazardous Substances:** The following components are listed: Toluene; Methyl ethyl ketone; 2-Butanone  
**New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting:** None of the components are listed.  
**Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances:** The following components are listed: BENZENE, METHYL-; 2-BUTANONE; MELAMINE; 1,3-PROPANEDIOL, 2,2-BIS(HYDROXYMETHYL)-; KAOLIN; SILICA; TITANIUM OXIDE (TiO<sub>2</sub>)  
**Rhode Island Hazardous Substances:** None of the components are listed.

**California Prop. 65 PFF :**

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Product/ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
toluene	No.	Yes.	No.	7000 µg/day (ingestion)
titanium dioxide	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
respirable quartz	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

**SECTION 16: Other information****Remarks :**

Note: In USA, consult Code of Federal Regulations, Title 29, Labor, Parts 1910 and 1915 concerning occupational safety and health standards and regulations, as well as any other applicable Federal, State or local regulations that apply to safe practices in coating operations.  
Warning! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD is TOXIC.

**Validation :**

Validated by US - HSE Products Coordinator on 7/17/2015.

**GHS Classification**

Procedure used to derive the classification.

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	2
Fire hazard	3
Physical hazards	0
Personal protection	x

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health	2	4	0
		Flammability	Instability
			Special

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) shown in this section is a suggestion. Since conditions vary from one work location to another consult the facility safety & health program. Customer or end user is responsible to evaluate worker exposure conditions at the site of application and determine the appropriate PPE suitable for workers at that particular facility or location.

**Abbreviations and acronyms :**



## SECTION 16: Other information

ANSI = American National Standards Institute

HCS = Hazardous Communication System

TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act

CFR = Code of federal Regulations

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

OSHA = United States Occupational Health and Safety Administration

NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

ACGIH = American Conference of Industrial Hygienists

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer.

NTP = National Toxicology Program

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

DOT = United States Department of Transportation

ERG = Emergency Response Guide

TDG = Transport of Dangerous Goods, Canada

SCT = Transportation & Communications Ministry, Mexico


IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

SARA = Superfund Amendments Reauthorization Act

EPCRA = Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act

### Notice to reader

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

*To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.*